

New Road Construction Concepts: towards reliable, green, safe&smart and human focused infrastructures in Europe The european project NR2C



Brigitte MAHUT



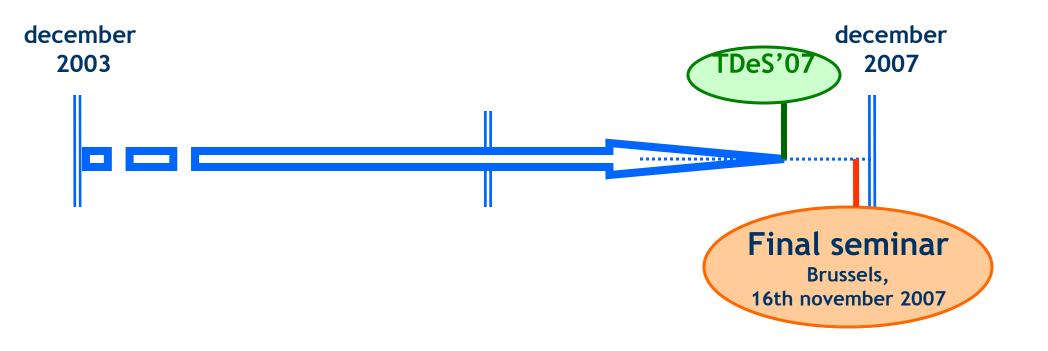
- 1. What will the European road system look like in 2040 ?
- 2. How can innovation deliver solutions to the challenge of the future ?





NR2C « New Road Construction Project » STREP of the FP6 Priority 6 : Sustainable development, global change

Duration : 4 years







NR2C partners

• Laboratories

LCPC	France (coordinator) (joint unit research :DREIF/LROP, CETE de Lyon)
FEHRL	+ « umbrella » : DRI Denmark, KTI Hungary, ZAG Slovenia, VTI Sweden
BRRC	Belgium
DWW	Netherlands
EPFL	Suisse

 Engineering and design consultants Road industry

Greisch	Belgium
Eurovia	France
JMI	France

• Infrastructure owner

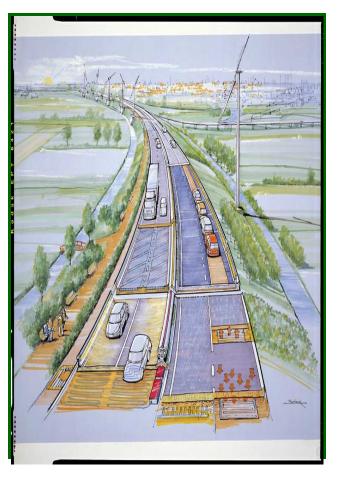
3

Autostrade Italy









• Develop **new concepts** for the road of the future

- comfortable and safer
- high quality,
- environmentally friendly
- low resources
- nuisance mitigating
- low maintenance
- always accessible to traffic
- -...cost effective

Objectives of NR2C





Develop specific innovations

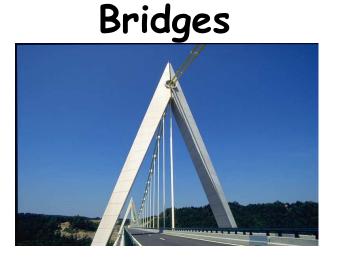
to support and progressively implement these concepts and answer to future needs and expectations

Urban



Interurban





Shorter term Vision



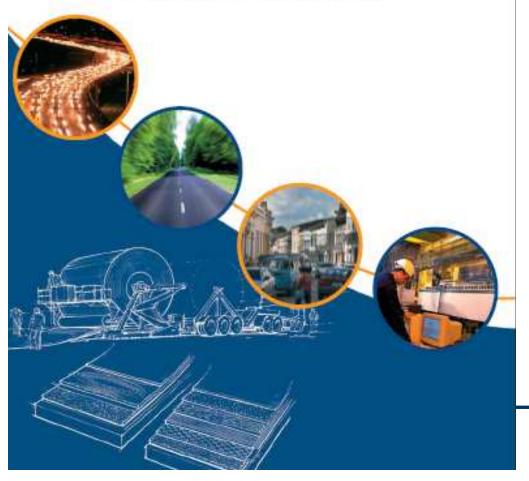








NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION CONCEPTS: VISION 2040



The NR2C Vision 2040

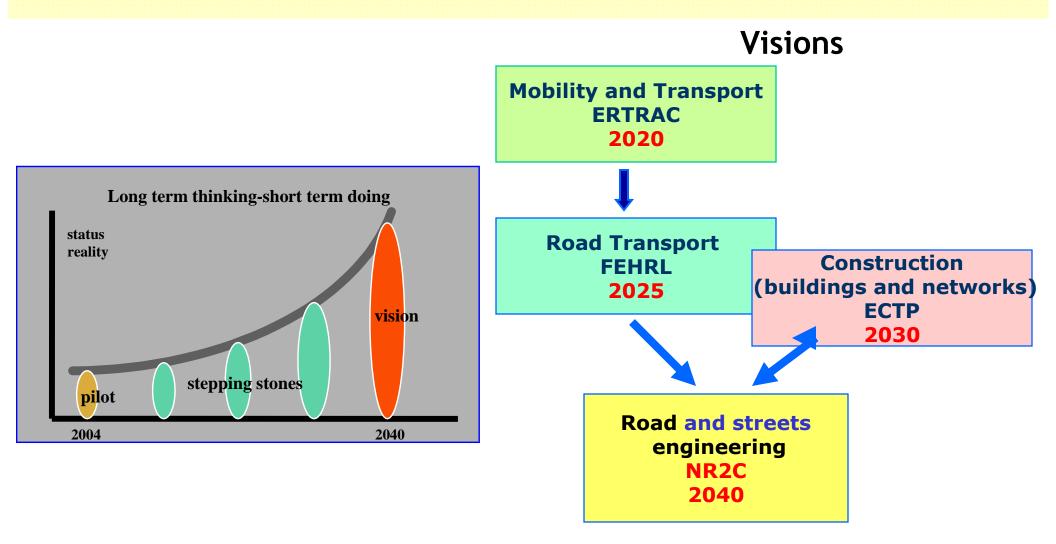
Published by FEHRL (2006)

Available on website :

www.fehrl.org/nr2c



NR2C why a Vision ? why 2040 ?





7



NR2C, a european vision

Generic developments :

- Shortage of clean environment
- shortage of energy
- shortage of space

-Increased demand for mobility

postulates :

-Road transport and cars will continue to be the predominant transport mode (to be nuanced in urban area)

-Infrastructure engineering and technologies reduce nuisance due to road traffic











Vision NR2C : 4 concepts

Reliable	"Reliable" : includes reliability, durability, serviceability <=> infrastructure durable, high quality, easy to maintain with low traffic disturbance; road must remain accessible.
Green	"Green" : covers environmental impact reduction : insertion in the landscape nuisance reduction (noise, air pollution, water pollution, vibrations), energy economy, preservation of rare natural resources, use of new materials
Smart, safe	"Smart and safe" : infrastructure equipped with devices which give information on traffic, on infrastructure condition, able to interpret, to decide, to act, for the benefit of users (all categories) for safe and comfortable travels, and as a maintenance support tool for the infrastructure owner
Human	"Human" : includes multi-fonctionality , multi-use. And also : space arrangements where one feels safe , in accordance with human dimension.



9



From Vision ... to direction of solutions

VISION 2040
R B

Vision 2010

Characteristics	Construction Concepts	Directions of solutions
Available Durable Reliable	Reliable Infrastructure	 Lifetime engineering Fast, hindrance-free maintenance Balancing demand and capacity Asset management tools
Energy efficient Sustainable Environment	Green Infrastructure	 Saving natural resources Emission Control
Accessible Smart Safe	Safe & Smart Infrastructure	 Safe design Smart design Smart communication Smart monitoring
Multi-functional Multi usable Public security	Human Infrastructure	 Public security Multi-functional use Human design







Reliable infrastructure

Direction of solution

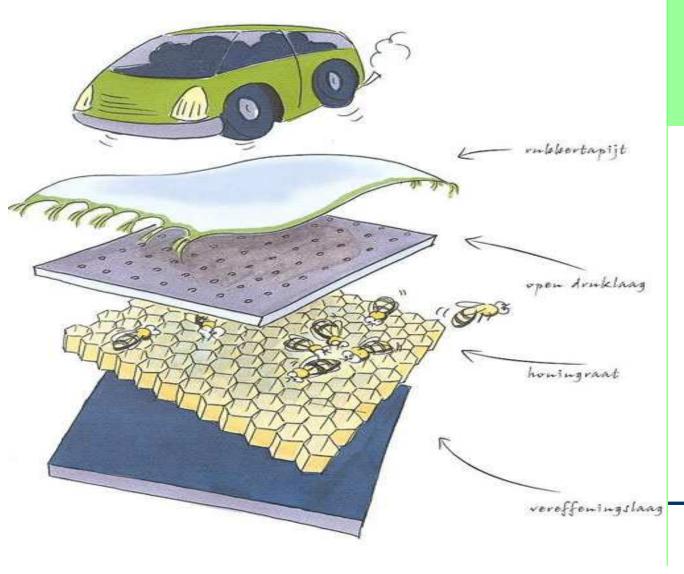


- Low maintenance
- Balancing demand and capacity
- Fast and hinderance free maintenance
- •Asset management tools





Green Infrastructure



Directions of solution

- saving natural resources
- emission reducing constructions





Smart, safe infrastructure

Direction of solution



- User-friendly
- User-supporting design
- Smart, detective road





Human infrastructure

Direction of solution



- Secure place to stay
- Multi-functional
- Multi-usable
- Grand design

Examples of Specific innovations developed in NR2C





Towards more human infrastructure,

....Design models for multimodal streets

Urban infrastructure Design models for multi-modal streets

Human

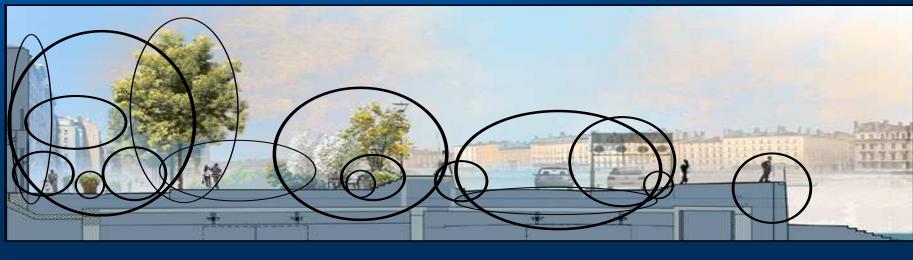
a creative tool for the design of streets,

and a support in the dialogue between persons involved

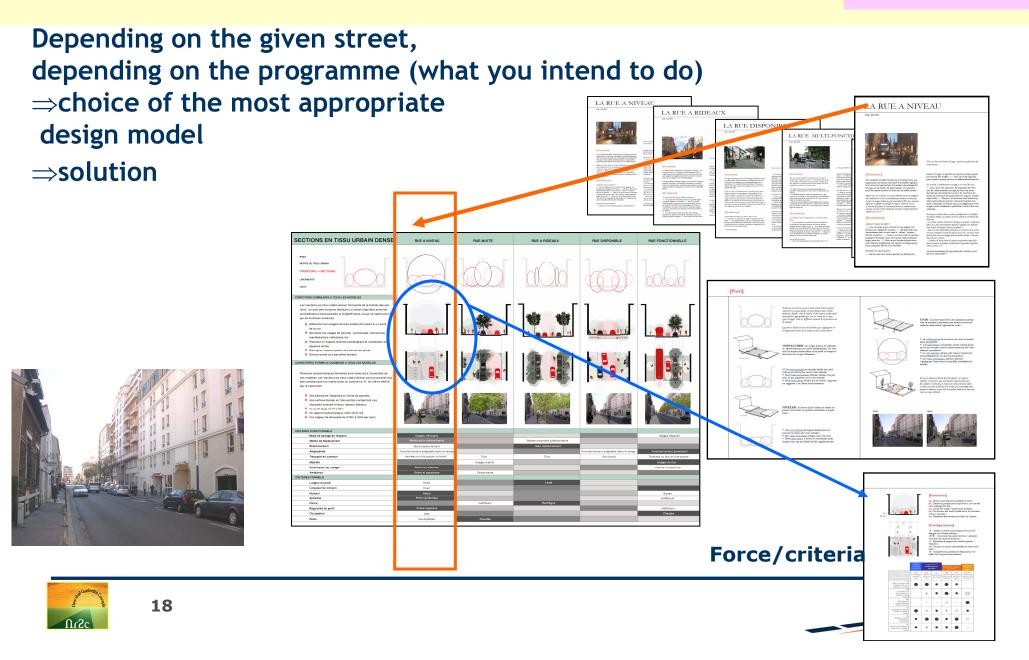


(LROP - France)





What is a design model ? an explicit tool Human



Example : depending on the objective, and therefore on the design model chosen it can results solutions where the space of the street is differently shared between pedestrians and vehicles

with the design model chosen :

Possible solution





La rue Jean Bleuzen a Vanves









If other design models, other possible solutions ...















20 design models have been finalised - for direct use

Methodology to develop new design models has been developed

- for specialists
- based on reflexion on qualities of streets

Implementation under progress in Wattrelos (France)





Towards greener infrastructure, reduction of traffic nuisance

..... Ecotechnic Road Systems,



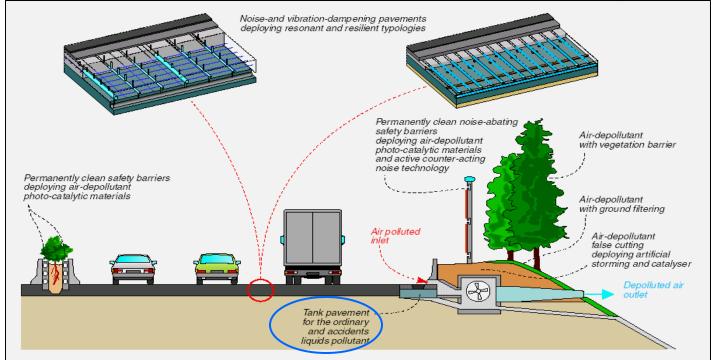


22

Urban and periurban infrastructure **Ecotechnic Road Systems**

Green

(Autostrade – Italy + contribution BRRC – Belgium on Ti O2)



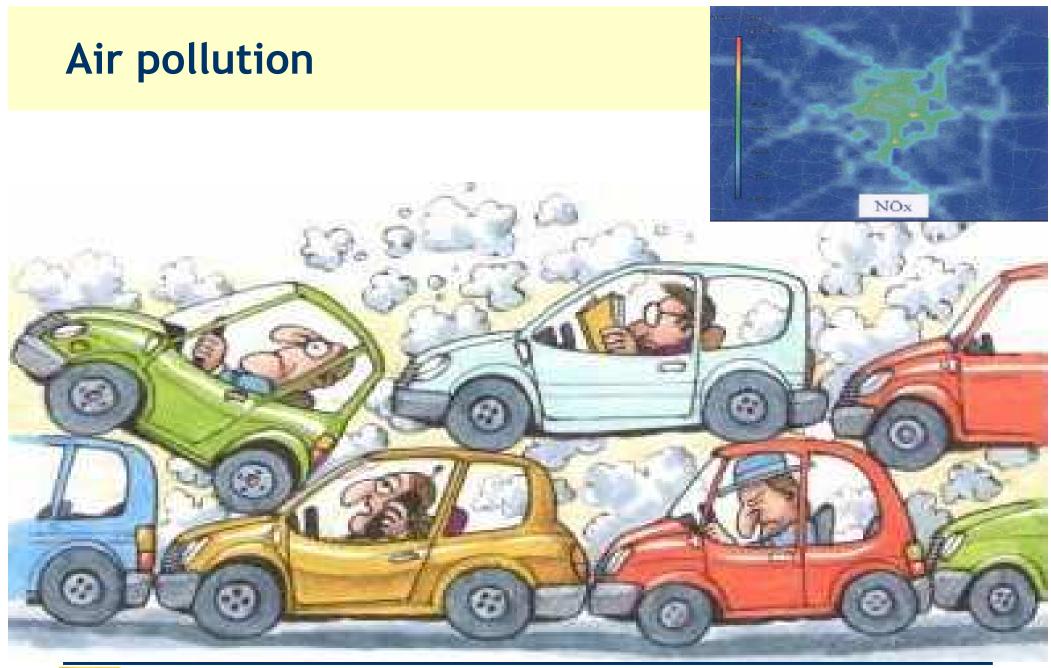
Integrated infrastructure based on the most innovative technologies for a global reduction of nuisance (noise, vibrations, air pollution and water pollution).

3 subsystems :

- Pavements (resilient, resonant, and reservoir pavement)
- Barriers (anti-noise, air depollutant, safety and green barriers)
- Auxiliary subsystem (air cleaning unit, ventilation unit, ground catalyser,
- photocatalytic material and TiO2 coating)







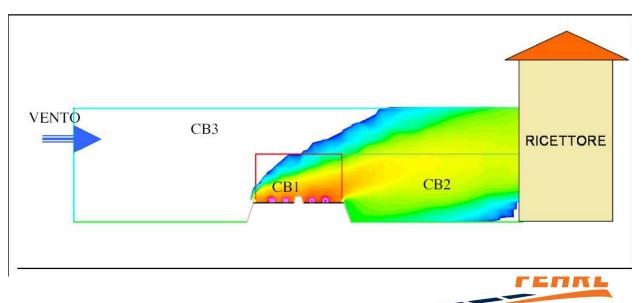


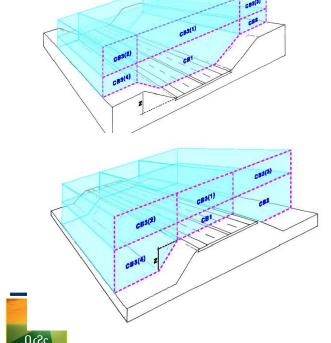






Mass fraction CO without (left side) and with (right side) ACSU [h = 0 m (upper)]





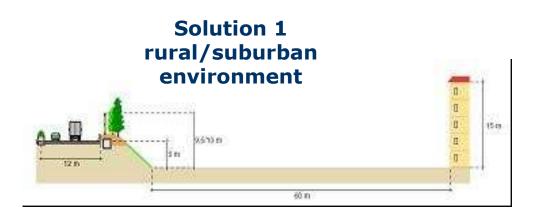
Main results



•Nuisance reduction : possible solutions

Noise : till 12 dBA – road 3 to 6 dBA and barriers till 8 dBA **Water** : reservoir pavement defined storage capacity till 2 days **Air pollution** : embankments 9 %, cuttings 8 % (average values for different traffics, winds, etc)

Global environmental performance of 2 innovative solutions









Combined functions Noise, air pollution reduction

Green





+ TiO2 (BRRC -Belgium)

Example of TiO₂ application in Anvers







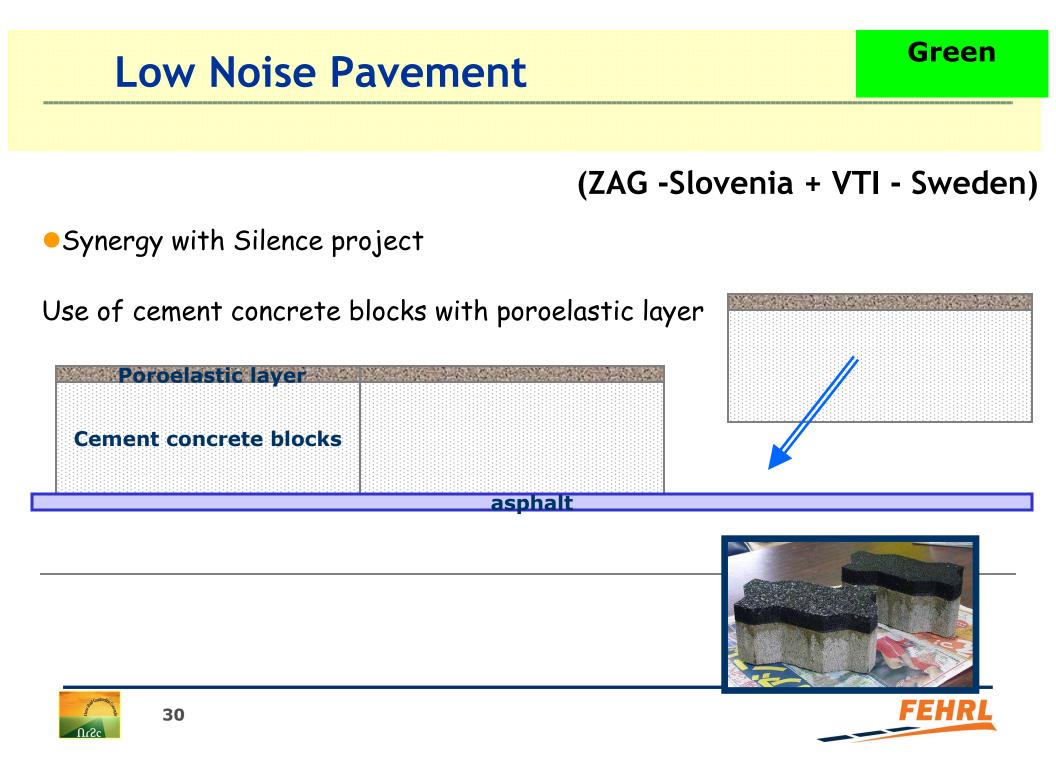


Towards greener infrastructure, also low noise pavement





29



Towards greener infrastructure, reduction of rare resources consumption

.....recycling





31

High performance underlayers with low cost materials and high percentage of re-us

(BRRC - Belgium + EPFL - Switzerland, and VTI - Sweden)

materials studied : Belgium and Swiss materials

with 0%, 25% and 40 % of Reclaimed Asphalt



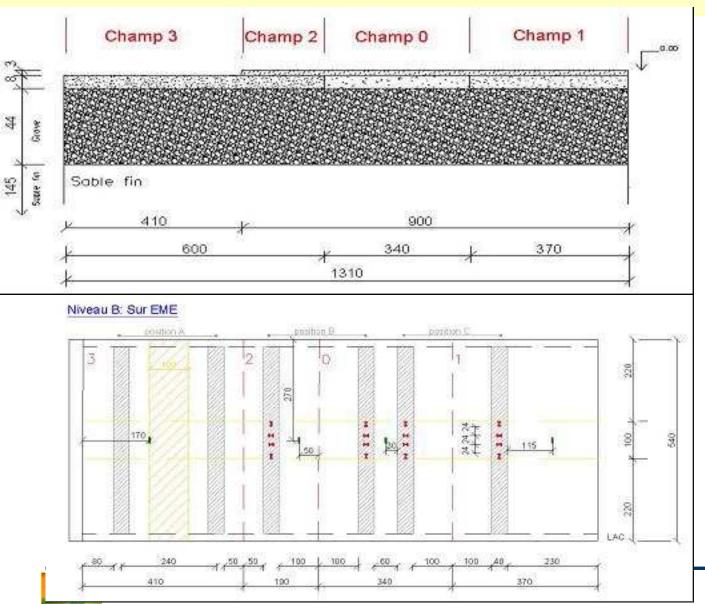
ALT – EPFL facilities





Main results

2530





-> OK even with 40 % RA,

-difficulty to predict precisely behaviour-> analysis of binders



Green

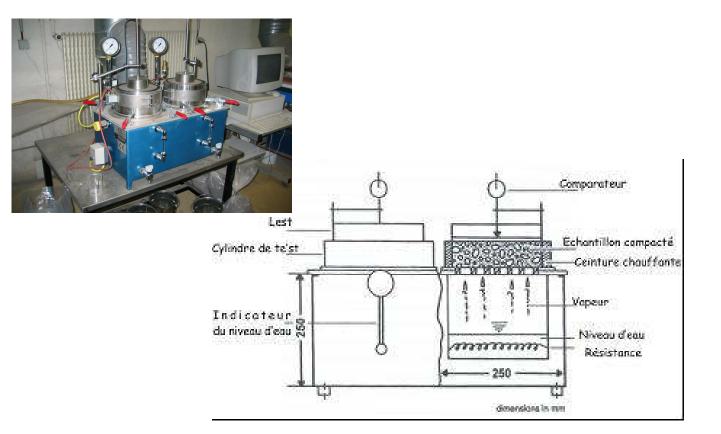
Towards greener infrastructure, also crack free semi-rigid pavement





Crack free semi-rigid pavement (LCPC)

incorporating by products => controlled swelling (Feasability study)





Green



Difficulty : device to be used for accelerated measurement



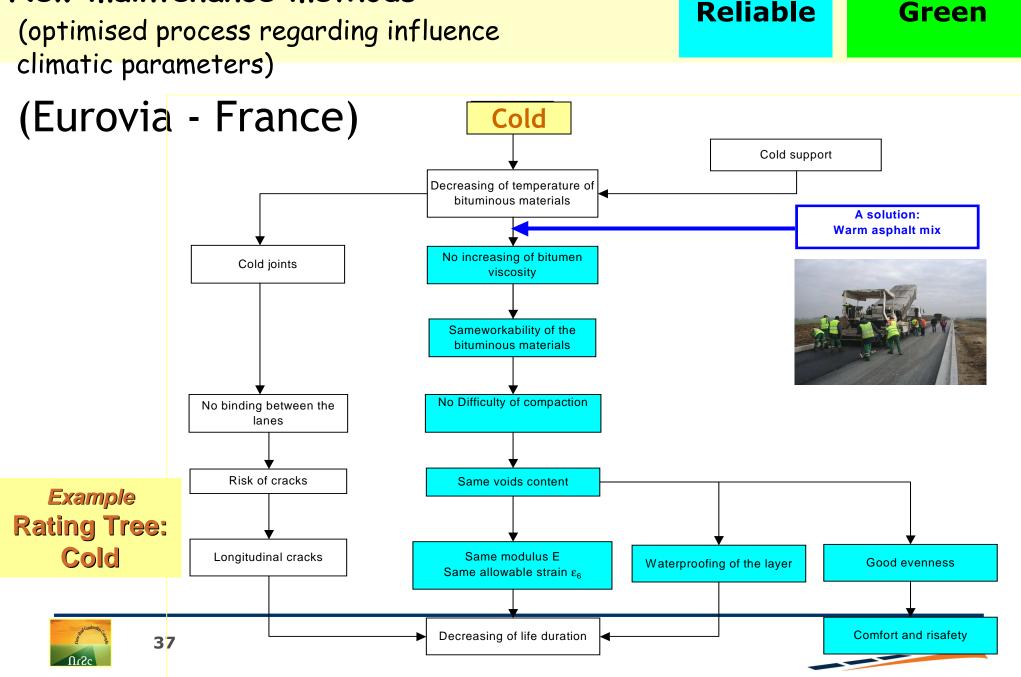
Towards more reliable infrastructure,

..... road maintenance innovative solutions under bad weather condition









New maintenance methods

(optimised process regarding influence

From rating tree to technical solution

Example of laying of high modulus asphalt mixes with low outside temperature

Outside temperature : 6°C and wet atmosphere

Two layers of high modulus asphalt mix 0/14 laid at a temperature of 126°C instead of 170-180°C

Addition of an additive like a zeolite (natrium aluminium silicate) with around 21% of crystalline water, which is released (like a foam) in order to maintain the workability of the asphalt mix during the laying and the compaction.







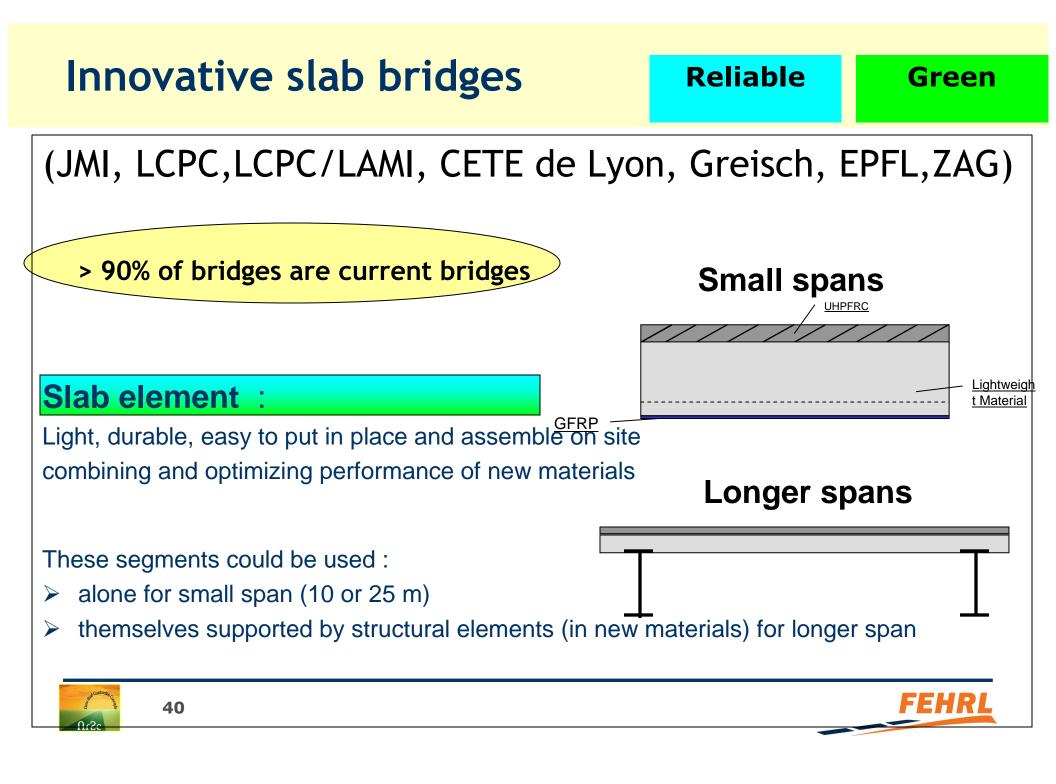
Towards more reliable infrastructures,

..... New bridge design, Bridges durable, light, easier and quicker to build



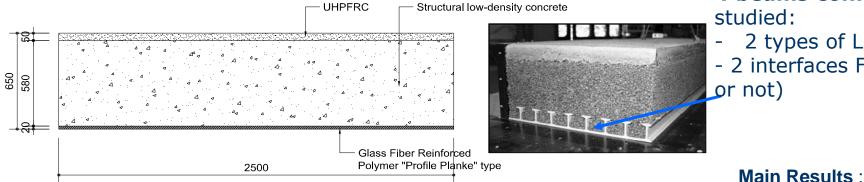






1 - Sandwich slab tested at EPFL

UHPFRC, Lightweight concrete, GFRP



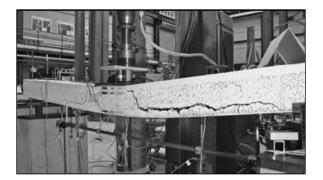
4 beams configuration studied:

2 types of Light concrete

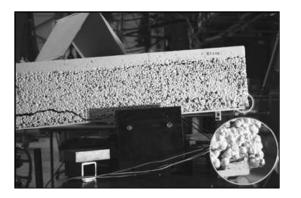
Reliable

- 2 interfaces FRP/LC(bond or not)

The ultimate loads of the beams increased by 100% on average due to bonding. However, the beam failure mode changed from ductile failure to a brittle behaviour. The beams using a LC of higher density exhibited a significant increase of the



Typical failure of unbonded beam



Push out of lightweight concrete for unbonded beam load.





2 – Design of UHPFC solutions (CETE de Lyon)

(+ prestressing and/or FRP, or + steel plates)

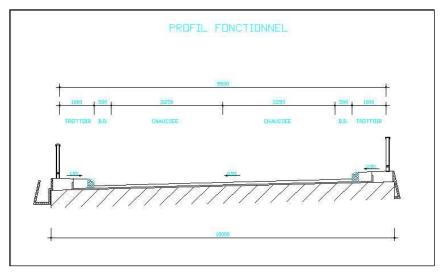
Cases studied :

Span 10 m - UHPFC with prestressing Span 10 m – UHPFC + FRP Span 10 m – UHPFC + steel plates

Span 25 m – UHPFC with prestressing Span 25 m – UHPFC + FRP Span 25 m – UHPFC with prestressing + FRP

Span 25 m – UHPFRC truss + FRP Span 25 m - UHPFRC + steel plates

Typical transverse profile studied



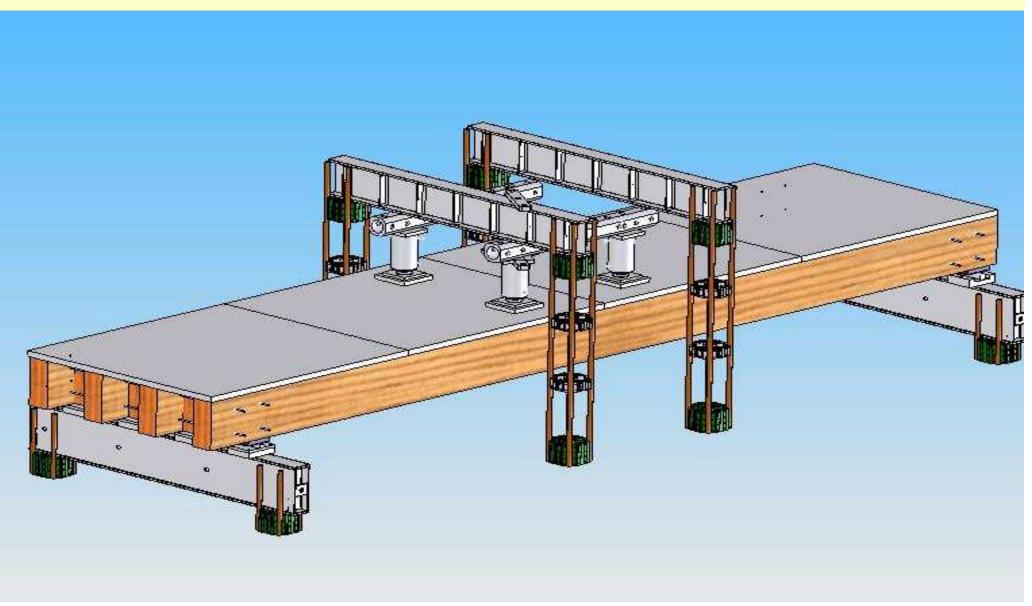
In each case : specific Design provided + general economical considerations





3 - Structural element tested at LCPC

(UHPFC, wood, FRP)



Towards safer infrastructure,

..... Infra-red to improve vision



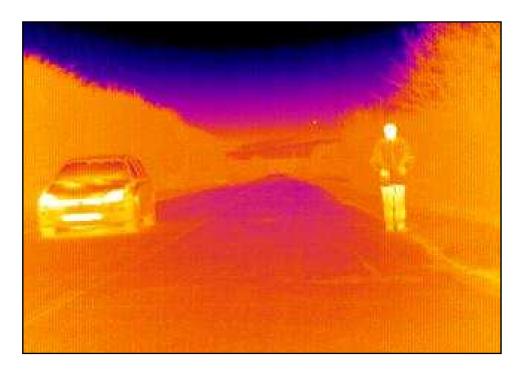


44

Use of infra-red materials characteristics to improve visibility under bad conditions (LCPC -France)

Safe



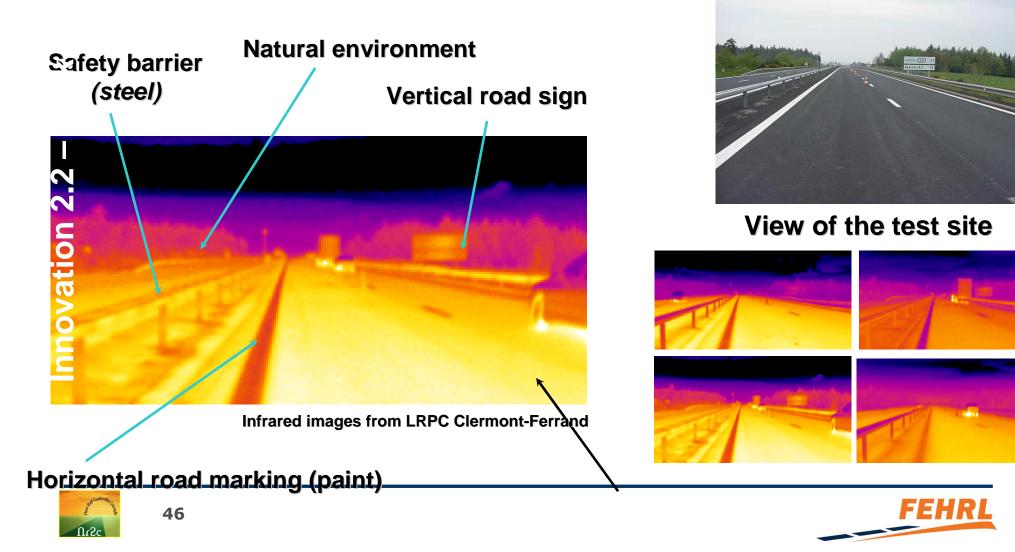






Infrared vision and roads

Infrared images at different time



As a conclusion, NR2C

- support innovation
- for a best service to the user, benefit for all actors : decision makers, owners, road and civil engeering industries and consultants
- in accordance with **sustainable development** requirements



- share will to innovate
- involvement of all actors

2040 will be what we will build

"The most exciting aspect of the future is that we can determine it ourselves".

(Charles Handy: The Age of Unreason)

Illustrations and acknowledgements : Thanks Studio WnT, T. Maagdenberg, M.S. Sule, Blanche Koelensmid, JP. Christory, M. Luminari, A. Beeldens, J. Dumoulin, JM. Tanis, T. Keller, E. Schaumann





information :

www.fehrl.org/nr2c







